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2	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
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5	SUPREME COURT OF VICTORIA
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7	COMMON LAW DIVISION
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9	MELBOURNE
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11 12	THURSDAY 29 NOVEMBER 2001
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15	BEFORE THE HONOURABLE JUSTICE EAMES
16 17 18 19	BETWEEN
	THE QUEEN (ex parte ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF VICTORIA)
20	Applicant
21	- and -
22	RAYMOND TERRENCE HOSER
23	First Respondent
24	- and -
25262728	KOTABI PTY LTD
	Second Respondent
29	HIS HONOUR: In this matter the Crown has brought two counts of
30	contempt by scandalising the court. My reasons for
31	decision as to those counts are set out in a written
32	judgment and regrettably the reasons are far too lengthy
33	for me to read now for the purpose of setting out those
34	reasons for decision.

I will not attempt to summarise my reasons because to do so is likely to fail to adequately indicate the basis for my decision which can be found by those who are interested in reading the written reasons. Because I am not going to provide my reasons now, so much as simply a summary of my findings, I have ensured that there will be ample copies available of my reasons for any members of the public who are interested to know the basis for my decision and my analysis of the books which were the subject of the charges and of the particulars which were referred to in the charges.

I therefore at this stage simply summarise the findings that I made with respect to these charges. On Count 1 I am satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the three particulars relating to Judge Neesham and the two particulars concerning Judge Balmford, as she then was, constitute contempt by scandalising the court. In reaching those conclusions I reject Mr Hoser's contention that the statements were published in good faith and without malice.

As to the particulars concerning Magistrate Heffey, I have a reasonable doubt as to whether they constitute contempt and the benefit of that doubt goes to the respondents. In reaching that conclusion, I do not accept that there could've been any basis for a suggestion of bias or impropriety. My reasonable doubt is based on the fact that it is possible that the statements should be regarded as not in fact having made allegations of bias, but as having been intended to be criticism which - whether justified or not - could not constitute contempt as a matter of law.

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As to the particulars concerning Magistrate Addams, these particulars - one is in the first count, and the second count is solely concerning with a particular relating to Magistrate Addams.

I have concluded that those passages in the two books referring to Mr Addams were not written in good faith and did not constitute fair comment. Any defence based on fair comment would have failed. The defence however based on fair comment has raised a question as to the truth of the allegation of corruption contained in those passages and made whether directly or by implication in those passages.

I have concluded the truth is a defence, even when
- as here, the respondents expressly state they do not
seek to establish that the allegations are true. Indeed
I have concluded that Mr Hoser does not believe that
those allegations are true, but merely asserts that it is
possible that they are true.

Once some material is identified which raises the question of truth, then it seems to me the same principle applies here as applies in the criminal law generally, but as I've discussed in my analysis, it appears not to have been the subject of discussion in the authorities with respect to an offence of contempt.

It seems to me that following those principles, once some material is raised or is identified which raises the question of truth, then the Crown must thereafter prove beyond reasonable doubt that the allegation is not true. That is a very difficult task for the Crown, because there are important policy reasons why the court should not embark on what amounts to a

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1	collateral attack on decisions of a court, nor should
2	allow unjustified attacks on judges or magistrates not
3	having been made in good faith to be perpetuated under
4	the quise of defending a charge of contempt.

Nonetheless these are criminal proceedings. Whilst it is my view that the probability of there being any truth in the allegations contained with respect to Magistrate Addams, that that probability is remote.

Notwithstanding that, in my view I could not be satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the allegations are not true. And therefore the particular of contempt in Count 1 relating to Magistrate Addams, and the second count which solely relates to Magistrate Addams, are not proved beyond reasonable doubt.

Accordingly I find that both respondents are guilty of contempt on Count 1, and I dismiss Count 2. I publish my reasons.

As counsel will see, the reasons are very lengthy indeed, and I've no doubt the parties will want to examine those before making submissions both as to penalty and as to costs. Do you have any time that you would suggest is convenient? I was going to suggest next Tuesday, but I'll do it earlier or later.

- 24 MR MAXWELL: 10.30 on Tuesday would be convenient, if Your
- Honour please.

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- 26 HIS HONOUR: Mr Graham?
- 27 MR GRAHAM: I'm in the same position, Your Honour.
- 28 HIS HONOUR: All right. Are there any matters that need be
- 29 raised now? Or will I simply adjourn the matter to I
- 30 will adjourn the further hearing of this matter - -
- 31 MR GRAHAM: There is one matter, Your Honour, which I will

- 1 raise because Your Honour may be assisted in advance of
- 2 hearing submissions. If I refer Your Honour to three
- 3 authorities, two of which are concerned with the
- 4 Sentencing Act.
- 5 The first of them is the case of Hinch I don't
- 6 have the full citation but it's Hinch v. Attorney General
- of Victoria (1987) V.R. 721. It was concerned with the
- 8 penalties in Sentencing Act 1981, and there are passages
- 9 at pp.731 and 749 which Your Honour might care to look
- 10 at.
- 11 HIS HONOUR: Yes, thank you for that, I will check that before
- 12 next week.
- 13 MR GRAHAM: A later case which is not yet reported, which is
- Hugo Alistair Rich v. Attorney General of Victoria (1999)
- V.S.C.A. 14. I would refer Your Honour to what the
- President said in paragraph 46 and 47 in relation to the
- 17 Sentencing Act 1991.
- 18 HIS HONOUR: Thank you.
- 19 MR GRAHAM: There's also a question which may arise as to the
- form that any judgment of Your Honour might take, but I
- 21 don't think I need trouble Your Honour with giving
- references in advance about that.
- 23 HIS HONOUR: No, I'll leave all those questions at the moment.
- I've simply made the findings which I think I'm required
- to put in terms of finding guilt beyond reasonable doubt,
- 26 but otherwise what flows from that I think is a matter
- for submissions.
- 28 MR GRAHAM: If Your Honour pleases.
- 29 MR MAXWELL: Your Honour, it's likely, I think, as in the case
- itself, that we'll put in a written outline. We'll
- 31 endeavour to have that to Your Honour's Associate by the

1	end of Monday, and of course provided to our learned
2	friends.
3	HIS HONOUR: That would be helpful if you could. The further
4	hearing of this matter to deal with submissions as to
5	sentence and costs and any other issues which arise will
6	be adjourned to 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday, 4 December.
7 8	ADJOURNED UNTIL TUESDAY 4 DECEMBER 2001